NorthPortFL.gov

FINISH

Nopinport FLORIDA



Stormwater Management

Presentation to the City Commission September 18, 2024



Hydrology

- North Port is located within the Big Slough Watershed
- Big Slough Watershed is roughly 196 square miles
- Water moves from the north portion of the watershed, through North Port to Charlotte Harbor



How water moves through North Port



Designed/permitted stormwater system

NORTH PORT WATER CONTROL DISTRICT PHASE I REPORT INVENTORY AND APPROACH TO ANALYSIS

TABLE A.3

ORDERED 5-DAY RAINFALL DISTRIBUTIONS

DAY	NPWCD (Inches)	Big Slough Watershed (Inches)				
1	Ø.7	Ø.75				
2	1.2	1.2				
3	6.4	6.4				
4	Ø.9	Ø.9				
5	Ø.4	<u>Ø.55</u>				
Total	9.6	9.8				

GENERAL DEVELOPMENT UTILITIES, INC.

FOR

R. D. GHIOTO & ASSOCIATES, INC. APRIL, 1984

			PDS-based	precipitatio	n frequency	estimates w	vith 90% con	fidence inte	rvals (in inc	hes) ¹	
	Duration										
	Duration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
	5-min	0.580 (0.481-0.695)	0.652 (0.540-0.782)	0.765 (0.631-0.921)	0.856 (0.702-1.04)	0.976 (0.768-1.21)	1.06 (0.818-1.35)	1.15 (0.851-1.50)	1.23 (0.871-1.66)	1.33 (0.905-1.86)	1.41 (0.930-2.01)
	10-min	0.849 (0.704-1.02)	0.954 (0.790-1.14)	1.12 (0.925-1.35)	1.25 (1.03-1.52)	1.43 (1.12-1.78)	1.56 (1.20-1.98)	1.68 (1.25-2.20)	1.80 (1.28-2.43)	1.95 (1.32-2.72)	2.06 (1.36-2.94)
	15-min	1.04 (0.858-1.24)	1.16 (0.964-1.40)	1.37 (1.13-1.64)	1.53 (1.25-1.85)	1.74 (1.37-2.17)	1.90 (1.46-2.41)	2.05 (1.52-2.68)	2.20 (1.56-2.96)	2.38 (1.62-3.32)	2.51 (1.66-3.59)
	30-min	1.57 (1.30-1.88)	1.76 (1.46-2.12)	2.07 (1.71-2.49)	2.32 (1.90-2.80)	2.64 (2.08-3.28)	2.88 (2.21-3.65)	3.11 (2.30-4.06)	3.33 (2.36-4.49)	3.61 (2.44-5.02)	3.80 (2.51-5.43)
	60-min	2.04 (1.69-2.45)	2.29 (1.89-2.74)	2.68 (2.21-3.22)	3.00 (2.46-3.63)	3.43 (2.70-4.28)	3.75 (2.89-4.76)	4.07 (3.01-5.32)	4.38 (3.10-5.91)	4.78 (3.25-6.68)	5.08 (3.36-7.25)
	2-hr	2.51 (2.10-2.99)	2.81 (2.34-3.35)	3.29 (2.73-3.93)	3.68 (3.04-4.42)	4.21 (3.35-5.23)	4.62 (3.58-5.84)	5.02 (3.75-6.53)	5.43 (3.87-7.29)	5.96 (4.07-8.27)	6.35 (4.22-9.01)
e Citv's	3-hr	2.73 (2.29-3.24)	3.05 (2.56-3.62)	3.58 (2.99-4.26)	4.03 (3.34-4.82)	4.65 (3.72-5.77)	5.14 (4.01-6.49)	5.63 (4.23-7.32)	6.14 (4.40-8.24)	6.82 (4.69-9.46)	7.34 (4.90-10.4)
mwater	6-hr	3.07 (2.60-3.62)	3.47 (2.93-4.09)	4.15 (3.49-4.91)	4.75 (3.97-5.64)	5.62 (4.54-6.97)	6.32 (4.98-7.97)	7.06 (5.35-9.16)	7.84 (5.68-10.5)	8.93 (6.19-12.4)	9.79 (6.58-13.8)
em was	12-hr	3.43 (2.92-4.01)	3.94 (3.35-4.61)	4.86 (4 12-5 70)	5.69 (4 79-6 71)	6.93 (5.67-8.60)	7.97 (6.34-10.0)	9.09 (6.95-11.8)	10.3 (7.51-13.7)	12.0 (8.38-16.5)	13.4 (9.03-18.6)
gned to	24-hr	3.92 (3.36-4.55)	4.54 (3.89-5.27)	5.67 (4.84-6.61)	6.73 (5.70-7.88)	8.36 (6.91-10.4)	9.75 (7.82-12.2)	11.3 (8.69-14.5)	12.9 (9.51-17.2)	15.3 (10.8-21.0)	17.2 (11.7-23.9)
ndle a	2-day	4.66 (4.03-5.37)	5.34 (4.61-6.16)	6.63 (5.70-7.66)	7.85 (6.70-9.12)	9.76 (8.14-12.1)	11.4 (9.24-14.3)	13.2 (10.3-17.0)	15.2 (11.3-20.2)	18.1 (12.9-24.8)	20.5 (14.1-28.3)
frequency,	3-day	5.18 (4.50-5.94)	5.96 (5.17-6.84)	7.40 (6.38-8.52)	8.73 (7.49-10.1)	10.8 (9.02-13.2)	12.6 (10.2-15.6)	14.5 (11.3-18.5)	16.6 (12.3-21.8)	19.6 (13.9-26.6)	22.0 (15.1-30.2)
orm*	4-day	5.64 (4.90-6.44)	6.49 (5.64-7.43)	8.03 (6.96-9.22)	9.44 (8.12-10.9)	11.6 (9.69-14.1)	13.4 (10.9-16.5)	15.3 (12.0-19.5)	17.4 (13.0-22.9)	20.4 (14.6-27.6)	22.9 (15.8-31.3)
	7-day	6.88 (6.02-7.82)	7.83 (6.85-8.91)	9.50 (8.28-10.8)	11.0 (9.51-12.6)	13.2 (11.1-15.9)	15.0 (12.2-18.3)	16.9 (13.3-21.3)	19.0 (14.2-24.7)	21.9 (15.7-29.3)	24.2 (16.8-32.9)
	10-day	7.99 (7.03-9.05)	9.01 (7.91-10.2)	10.7 (9.40-12.2)	12.3 (10.7-14.0)	14.5 (12.2-17.3)	16.3 (13.3-19.8)	18.2 (14.3-22.7)	20.2 (15.1-26.0)	22.9 (16.5-30.6)	25.1 (17.5-34.0)
	20-day	11.2 (9.90-12.6)	12.4 (11.0-14.0)	14.5 (12.7-16.3)	16.1 (14.1-18.3)	18.5 (15.6-21.7)	20.3 (16.7-24.3)	22.1 (17.5-27.3)	24.0 (18.1-30.6)	26.4 (19.1-34.9)	28.3 (19.8-38.1
	30-day	13.9 (12.4-15.6)	15.4 (13.7-17.3)	17.8 (15.8-20.0)	19.7 (17.3-22.3)	22.3 (18.8-25.9)	24.2 (19.9-28.7)	26.0 (20.6-31.8)	27.8 (21.0-35.2)	30.1 (21.8-39.4)	31.8 (22.4-42.6)
	45-day	17.6 (15.7-19.5)	19.4 (17.3-21.6)	22.3 (19.8-24.9)	24.6 (21.7-27.6)	27.5 (23.2-31.7)	29.5 (24.4-34.8)	31.5 (25.0-38.2)	33.3 (25.3-41.8)	35.5 (25.8-46.2)	37.0 (26.2-49.5)
duration	60-day	20.7 (18.6-23.0)	22.9 (20.6-25.5)	26.3 (23.5-29.3)	28.9 (25.7-32.4)	32.2 (27.3-37.0)	34.5 (28.6-40.4)	36.6 (29.2-44.2)	38.5 (29.2-48.1)	40.7 (29.6-52.6)	42.1 (29.8-56.1

Hurricane Ian 9/28/22 delivered over 15 inches of rain in a 24 hour period

*5 day duration storms are no longer tracked

The City's

Stormwater

System was

designed to

handle a

10 year frequency,

5 day duration

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

NOAA Rainfall Data Downloaded 9/4/24

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information



North Port is within a large watershed which receives water from the north/northeast and is not in the same watershed as much of the rest of Sarasota County.





The permitted stormwater system was designed with full build out plan at a 5-day, 10-year storm.



Commercial Development is required to retain water onsite and cannot impact the permitted stormwater drainage system.

Stormwater drainage system components













Stormwater drainage system components, cont.



Roads are an essential component of the stormwater drainage system.

Stormwater drainage system objectives

- Direct water away from buildings and infrastructure
- Supply drinking water
- Use vegetation to slow, filter, and cleanse stormwater runoff from impervious surfaces
- Water held in swales for up to 72 hours allows vegetation to clean the stormwater to protect the natural environment and reduce erosion
- Water may pond in areas while working through the system. This is normal and expected and is not actually flooding
- Flooding: when water enters a building or structure





Roads are part of the stormwater system. During heavy rains, water on the roads keeps water away from flooding houses and buildings.



Stormwater routed to the Myakkahatchee Creek and Cocoplum waterway supply North Port Utilities drinking water.

Water Control Structures (WCS)

- City Drainage Canals are divided by water control structures designed to retain water within the system at controlled elevations to allow for water quality treatment and flow attenuation
- 64 Water Control Structures
- 23 have gates to allow movement of water through the system when necessary
- Aquatic vegetation, floating debris and downed trees have the potential to damage the gates or inhibit their proper function





Routine Stormwater Drainage System Maintenance

- Scheduled mowing of vegetation in R-Ditches to maintain proper hydraulic function:
 - Six mowing cycles per year for R-Ditches accessible with traditional mowing equipment
 - Two mowing cycles per year for those not accessible with traditional equipment
- Herbicide treatment as needed on R-Ditch bottoms to maintain hydraulic function
- R-Ditches are rehabilitated as needed to maintain proper elevations to efficiently move stormwater to the Drainage Canals

Routine Water Control Structure maintenance

- The 23 gated Water Control Structures receive daily maintenance including greasing all moving parts, checking for any structural issues, confirming the operation of the gates and clearing any aquatic vegetation or debris from the structure and gate areas
- Quarterly inspection and maintenance of the remaining Water Control Structures
- Annual in-depth inspection of all structures



Stormwater Drainage System projects

- Annual Water Control Structure Rehabilitation
- Annual Drainage System Improvements (DSI) Grid Rehabilitation
- Clearing of debris and blockages within Myakkahatchee Creek











Approximately 5,890 Drainage System work orders completed since 10/1/2016

opecano

Midway Blvd



The Stormwater Drainage System is actively maintained within available budget.

Can the System be Retrofitted to a Higher Capacity?

- Permitting considerations
- Habitat and environmental restrictions
- Potential impact to existing trees, infrastructure and similar
- If approval of permitting is obtainable, retrofitting the current system roadside system in Legacy North Port to a system that would have capacity for a 100 - year storm is estimated to cost \$1.5 billion.



Water Control Structures need to be replaced as funding is available.

Adverse weather/storm preparation



Forecasting Tools and Resources



Water Level Monitoring Tools and Resources



Water is moved to prepare for storms

Gage height prior to Hurricane Ian

≊USGS

USGS 02299482 COCOPLUM WATERWAY AT NORTH PORT FL



Water is moved to prepare for storms



— Gage height

≈USGS USGS 02299450 BIG SLOUGH AT TROPICAIRE BLVD NEAR NORTH PORT FL 23.0 22.0 e 21.0 . 분 20.0 <u>9</u> 19.0 18.0 17.0 Jul Jul 30 Aug Aug 28 01 03 05 87 2824 2824 2824 2824 2824 2824 -- Provisional Data Subject to Revision -- Gage height Measured gage height



≈USGS

Gage height prior to Tropical Storm/Hurricane Debby

₭ Measured gage height



The City moves water to prepare for weather events based on science and data.

Precipitation rates

- Charts on next slide show precipitation accumulation during hurricane season, June 1 – Nov. 30, annually 2021-2023, and year to date for 2024
- 2024 is currently tracking higher accumulated precipitation rates than the previous highest year on record (1922)
- Increased storm intensity results in high water tables and slower drainage





It takes time for water to move. The more rain we get in a short amount of time, the longer it takes for water to recede.

How residents can help with stormwater

- 1. Clear or clean inflow/outflow structures on your property, including driveway pipes
- 2. Remove nuisance and excess vegetation
- 3. Repair eroded swales on your property
- 4. Clean up trash and yard waste in your yard and gutters and around storm drains
- 5. Limit / avoid fertilize use to protect habitat
- Report blocked or damaged swales, pipes to the North Report app at NorthPortFL.gov/NorthReport or call Public Works at 941-240-8050



NORTH Takeaway 10

You can help! Report your drainage concerns via the North Report app or call 941-240-8050.

Stormwater Management 101



North Port is within a large watershed which receives water from the north/northeast and is not in the same watershed as much of the rest of Sarasota County.

The permitted stormwater system was designed with full build out plan at a 5-day, 10-year storm.

Commercial **Development is** required to retain water onsite and cannot impact the permitted stormwater drainage system.

Roads are part of the stormwater system. During heavy rains, water on the roads keeps water away from flooding houses and buildings.

Stormwater routed to the Myakkahatchee Creek and Cocoplum waterway supply North **Port Utilities** drinking water.

Stormwater Management 101



6

The Stormwater Drainage System is actively maintained within available budget. Water Control Structures need to be replaced as funding is available.

7

The City moves water to prepare for weather events based on science and data.

8

9

It takes time for water to move. The more rain we get in a short amount of time, the longer it takes for water to recede. 10

You can help! Report your drainage concerns via the North Report app or call 941-240-8050.



Questions?